nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc)

1.   Purpose

nag_hermitian_eigenvalues (f02awc) calculates all the eigenvalues of a complex Hermitian matrix.

2.   Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

void nag_hermitian_eigenvalues(Integer n, Complex a[], Integer tda,
          double r[], NagError *fail)
```

3.   Description

The complex Hermitian matrix A is first reduced to a real tridiagonal matrix by $n - 2$ unitary transformations, and a subsequent diagonal transformation. The eigenvalues are then derived using the QL algorithm, an adaptation of the QR algorithm.

4.   Parameters

n

>   Input: n, the order of the matrix A.
>   Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 1$.

a[n][tda]

>   Input: the elements of the lower triangle of the n by n complex Hermitian matrix A. Elements of the array above the diagonal need not be set.
>   Output: the array is overwritten.

tda

>   Input: the last dimension of the array **a** as declared in the function from which nag_hermitian_eigenvalues is called.
>   Constraint: $\mathbf{tda} \geq \mathbf{n}$.

r[n]

>   Output: the eigenvalues in ascending order.

fail

>   The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

5.   Error Indications and Warnings

NE_INT_ARG_LT

>   On entry, **n** must not be less than 1: $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$.

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

>   On entry $\mathbf{tda} = \langle value \rangle$ while $\mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle$. These parameters must satisfy $\mathbf{tda} \geq \mathbf{n}$.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

>   Memory allocation failed.

NE_TOO_MANY_ITERATIONS

>   More than $\langle value \rangle$ iterations are required to isolate all the eigenvalues.

6.   Further Comments
The time taken by the function is approximately proportional to n^3.

6.1. Accuracy

For a detailed error analysis see Wilkinson and Reinsch (1971), page 235.

6.2. References

Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) *Handbook for Automatic Computation (Vol. II, Linear Algebra)* Springer-Verlag pp 227–240.

7. See Also

None.

8. Example

To calculate all the eigenvalues of the complex Hermitian matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.50 & 0.00 & 1.84 + 1.38i & 2.08 - 1.56i \\ 0.00 & 0.50 & 1.12 + 0.84i & -0.56 + 0.42i \\ 1.84 - 1.38i & 1.12 - 0.84i & 0.50 & 0.00 \\ 2.08 + 1.56i & -0.56 - 0.42i & 0.00 & 0.50 \end{pmatrix}.$$

8.1. Program Text

```
/* nag_hermitian_eigenvalues(f02awc) Example Program
 *
 * Copyright 1991 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 2, 1991.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf02.h>

#define NMAX 4
#define TDA NMAX

main()
{
  Integer i, j, n;
  Complex a[NMAX][TDA];
  double r[NMAX];

  Vprintf("f02awc Example Program Results\n");
  Vscanf("%*[^\n]"); /* Skip heading in data file */
  Vscanf("%ld", &n);
  if (n>=1 || n<=NMAX)
    {
      for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        for (j=0; j<n; j++)
          Vscanf(" ( %lf , %lf ) ", &a[i][j].re,&a[i][j].im);
      f02awc(n, (Complex *)a, (Integer)TDA, r, NAGERR_DEFAULT);
      Vprintf("Eigenvalues\n");
      for (i=0; i<n; i++)
        Vprintf("%9.4f", r[i]);
      Vprintf("\n");
      exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
    }
  else
    {
      Vfprintf(stderr,"n is out of range: n = %4ld,\n",n);
      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

}
```

8.2. Program Data

```
f02awc Example Program Data
   4
(0.50, 0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00) (1.84,1.38) ( 2.08,-1.56)
(0.00, 0.00) ( 0.50, 0.00) (1.12,0.84) (-0.56, 0.42)
(1.84,-1.38) ( 1.12,-0.84) (0.50,0.00) ( 0.00, 0.00)
(2.08, 1.56) (-0.56,-0.42) (0.00,0.00) ( 0.50, 0.00)
```

8.3. Program Results

```
f02awc Example Program Results
Eigenvalues
  -3.0000  -1.0000   2.0000   4.0000
```